apply regarding price changes and business fluctuations as cited above in the case of imports.

Over the period of 44 years covered by the statement, the changes in Canada's exports have been very great, both in volume and in the relative importance of commodities. The great agricultural expansion of the Canadian West had scarcely begun in 1890. The leading exports then were sawmill and timber products, cheese, fish, cattle, barley, coal and furs-indicating the large dependence of Canadian production at that time upon the eastern forests, mixed-farming areas, and fisheries. Of the five leading exports in 1934 four were very unimportant in 1890. 1910 is the earliest year in the statement in which wheat appears as the leading export, although this first occurred in 1906. The rise of the great pulp and paper industry to a leading position has been still more recent, and similarly with regard to the production of non-ferrous metals, automobiles and rubber tires. hand, exports of the products of mixed-farming operations, such as cattle, hides, cheese and butter, while showing wide fluctuations, have not expanded proportionately, and in some cases were very little or no greater in 1934 than in 1890. of the new agricultural area developed since 1890 has been better adapted to grain growing than to mixed-farming operations, so that, owing to the growth of population, the production of the older mixed-farming districts is to a larger extent consumed within the country. The rising importance during the past two decades of the mining and metallurgical industries producing non-ferrous metals in Canada is illustrated in this statement by the increased importance since 1910 of exports of copper, nickel, zinc, silver, lead, aluminium and platinum. Gold refined in Canada and exported as bullion is not shown in the table.

X.—CANADA'S LEADING DOMESTIC EXPORTS, FISCAL YEARS 1890, 1900, 1910, 1920, 1930,1934

NOTE.—Commodities arranged in order of importance, 1934.

Note.—Commodities arranged in order of importance, 1994.							
No.	Commodity.	1890.	1 <del>9</del> 00.	1910.	1920.	1930.	1934.
		\$	<b>\$</b>	\$	\$	\$	\$
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 9 20 1 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	Wheat. Newsprint paper. Nickel. Wood pulp. Planks and boards. Fish. Wheat flour Whiskey. Meats. Copper bars, etc. Fruits, chiefly apples. Furs, raw Automobiles. Cheese. Zinc. Aluminium in bars, etc. Lead. Silver ore and bullion. Asbestos, raw. Vegetables. Pulpwood Rubber tires. Cattle. Stone and products. Shingles (wood) Fertilizers. Copper ore and blister. Sodium compounds. Leather, unmanufactured.	388,861	11,995,488 1,040,498 1,816,016 22,015,990 10,564,688 2,791,885 396,671 13,615,621 3,305,662 2,264,580 	52, 609, 351 2, 612, 243 3, 320, 054 5, 204, 597 15, 179, 015 14, 859, 854 1, 010, 657 8, 013, 680 	185, 044, 806 53, 640, 122 9, 039, 221 41, 383, 482 75, 216, 193 40, 687, 172 94, 262, 922 1, 504, 132 96, 161, 234 541, 338 8, 347, 549 20, 628, 767, 549 14, 883, 607 36, 336, 863 950, 082 5, 680, 871 1, 193, 144 14, 255, 601 8, 767, 601 8, 767, 601 8, 767, 601 11, 656, 483 8, 454, 803 7, 395, 172 46, 064, 631 3, 531, 916 10, 848, 602 6, 694, 037 11, 871, 039 11, 871, 039 11, 742, 268	215,753,475 145,610,519 25,034,975 44,704,958 49,446,857 34,767,739 45,457,195 25,856,136 15,030,671 48,181 9,593,484 18,706,3645 18,278,004 8,366,712 13,828,010 10,637,887 11,569,855 12,074,0747 13,860,209 18,153,225 13,119,462 6,909,442 6,704,494 7,990,313 37,735,413 4,208,518 6,496,951	118, 969, 445 73, 238, 482 28, 198, 238 25, 102, 381 21, 258, 238 20, 304, 933 19, 729, 782 16, 028, 484 15, 503, 994 15, 254, 562 14, 607, 881 14, 030, 807 11, 454, 088 8, 176, 271 6, 284, 375 6, 174, 995 5, 902, 332 5, 686, 890 5, 494, 022 4, 911, 728 4, 883, 318 4, 307, 374 3, 965, 769 3, 930, 937 3, 764, 418 3, 474, 192 3, 355, 686 3, 314, 348 3, 289, 695
30	Rubber footwear Acids Settlers' effects	-	- 67	129,618	1,750,967 901,397 7,631,498	9,986,392 5,096,529 6,304,199	3,202,929 3,190,794 3,128,615